

Amazing Minibeasts

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 1 1 legs 2 A bee 3 eggs 4 8 5 bodies 6 4 2 1 Millions 2-5 free answers

Page 4 1 1 ant 2 bee 3 grasshopper 4 spider 5 millipede 6 fly 7 leech 8 snail 9 scorpion 2 1 invertebrate 2 arthropods 3 Insects 4 molluscs 5 myriapods 6 Arachnids

Page 5 1 1 head 2 eye 3 mouth 4 leg 5 abdomen 6 wing 7 thorax
2 1 The head has eyes and wings. False 2 Insects have strong bones.
False 3 Some insects are poisonous. True 4 Most insect bodies have three parts. True 5 Insects can use camouflage to hide from other animals. True

Page 6 1 1 minibeast 2 antennae 3 proboscis 4 insect 5 nectar 6 flowers 2 1 antennae 2 crickets 3 eyes 4 light 5 tongue 6 proboscis 7 feet 8 ears

Page 7 1 1 Bees dance to tell other bees where food is. 2 Fireflies make light with their abdomen. 3 Grasshoppers sing with their legs.
4 Some minibeasts communicate with smell. 5 Ants touch each other to give information. 2 1 Light: firefly 2 Smell: moth 3 Touch: ant 4 Dance: bee 5 Sound: grasshopper

Page 8 1 1 Most baby minibeasts come from eggs. 2 Scorpions have live babies. 3 Grasshoppers grow wings when they get bigger.
4 Some insect babies are larvae. 5 A butterfly larva is a caterpillar.
6 Caterpillars become pupae. 2 1 earthworms, soil 2 butterflies, plants 3 scorpions, babies 4 back 5 bees, larvae 6 pupae 7 wings

Page 9 1 1 leafcutter, leaves 2 carry, nest 3 Fungus 4 eat, fungus
2 (in correct order) 1 The queen bee lays the eggs. 2 Worker bees look for food. 3 Worker bees make honey from nectar. 4 Worker bees give honey to the bee larvae.

Page 101 1 desert 2 forest 3 nest 4 underground 5 water 6 underwater7 ocean 8 wood2 1 underground 2 back 3 Dragonflies 4 ocean5 wood and saliva 6 10,000

Page 11 11 web 2 poison 3 liquid 4 leaves 5 mice 6 spider
2 1 Spiders have two body parts and eight legs. They have six or eight eyes. 2 Female spiders are often much bigger than male spiders. 3 Spiders make silk. Some spiders use it to make webs to catch insects. 4 Spiders can only eat liquid food. They bite an animal with poison that makes the animal liquid inside. Then the spider drinks the liquid.

Page 12 1 1 Some spiders have a poisonous bite. 2 Some beetles eat wood. 3 Mosquitoes can give people malaria. 4 Locusts eat a lot of food crops. 5 Bees can only sting once. 2 1 female 2 black widow
3 sick 4 clothes 5 stinger 6 grasshopper

Page 13 1 (in correct order): 1 An insect visits a flower to collect food.
2 The pollen from the flower sticks to the body of the insect.
3 The insect goes to another flower. 4 The pollen falls from the insect onto the other flower. 5 The flower uses the pollen to make seeds. 6 A new plant grows. Pollination 2 1 Honey 2 Silk 3 To make silk fabric. 4 Soil and plants

Pages 14–15 1 1 legs 2 A bee 3 eggs 4 8 5 bodies 6 4 2 1 female 2 food 3 poison 4 bee 5 grasshopper 6 grow 7 spider 8 earthworm 9 ant 10 male 11 sting 12 touch 3 1 animal, page 4 2 eggs, page 12 3 light, page 11 4 stinger, page 20 5 underwater, page 16 6 camouflage, page 7 4 1 scorpion 2 spider 3 centipede 4 Arachnids 5 bee 6 Myriapods 7 Insects 8 millipede 9 Arthropods 10 beetle 11 earthworm 12 Minibeasts 13 snail 14 Annelids 15 Molluscs 16 leech 17 slug

Animals in the Air

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 11 fly 2 Many 3 wings 4 jump 5 light 6 Bats 2 Free answers

Page 4 1 1 fly, safe 2 nectar, honey 3 hunt, eat 4 nest, meters
2 1 Some storks make very big nests. 2 Bees fly to collect nectar from flowers. 3 Owls fly to hunt smaller animals. 4 Small birds fly to escape from cats and dogs. 5 Many birds make their homes in tall trees.

Page 5 1 1 air spaces 2 feather 3 wing 4 tail 5 bone 6 wingspan
2 1 Birds have many small feathers. 2 Most birds have longer feathers on their wings and tail. 3 Birds have very thin bones.
4 The Andean condor has a wingspan of 3 meters.
5 Hummingbirds have very short wings.

Page 61 1 swift 2 bar-tailed godwit 3 peregrine falcon 4 swallowa 4 b 3 c 1 d 22 1 fastest, world, fly, hour 2 insects, turn 3 journeys,food 4 travel, babies 5 flying, sleep

Page 7 1 1 Bar-headed geese can fly over the Himalayas.
2 The Himalayas are the highest mountains in the world.
3 Ruppell's vultures can fly at more than 11,000 meters high.
2 1 sunny 2 warm 3 air, currents 4 Birds, circles

Page 8 1 1 butterfly 2 bee 3 mosquito 4 dragonfly 5 moth 6 fly 2 1 Bees have two four wings. 2 The first flying animals were birds insects. 3 All Most insects have wings and can fly. 4 Atlas moths have a wingspan of 3 30 centimeters. 5 Some mosquitos dragonflies can fly at more than 50 kilometers per hour.

Page 9 1 1 flocks **2** insects **3** hungry **4** farmers **5** clouds **2** 1 safe, eagles **2** ducks, move **3** small **4** swarms, home

Page 10 1 1 Grasshoppers have strong back legs. 2 Fleas jump from one animal to another. 3 All spiders can make silk. 4 Jumping spiders don't make webs. 5 Springtails have a special tail. 6 Springtails don't have wings. 2 1 Yes, they can. 2 Yes, they do. 3 No, they can't.
4 No, they don't.

Page 11 1 1 wing 2 membrane 3 leg 4 sound 5 echo 6 insect
2 1 When they fly, bats make special sounds. true 2 Bats are the only mammals that can fly. true 3 Bats usually rest at night. false
4 Bats use echolocation to find food. true 5 Fruit bats are also called flying dogs. false

 Page 12
 1 1 kangaroo 2 flying squirrel 3 springbok gazelle 4 gibbon

 a 3 b 2 c 4 d 1
 2 1 50 2 9 3 15 4 30

Page 13 1 1 amphibians 2 membranes 3 reptiles 4 air 5 wings2 1 Amphibians can't fly. 2 Some amphibians can glide in the air.3 Flying fish can jump out of the water. 4 Flying fish can glide for hundreds of meters.

Page 14–15 1 Answers provided 2 1 net 2 mice 3 million 4 feather 5 food 6 reptiles 7 rest 8 bone 9 mountains 10 web 11 land 12 dark 13 plants 3 1 legs, page 16 2 insects, page 12 3 honey, page 4 4 flocks, page 14 5 mammals, page 18 6 silk, page 17 4 Birds: stork, vulture, duck, swallow. Mammals: kangaroo, gibbon, squirrel, bat. Insects: moth, bee, locust, mosquito.



Festivals Around the World

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 11 colorful 2 big 3 streets 4 have 5 dancers 6 vacation
2 Free answers

Page 41 1 float 2 street 3 costumes 4 parade 5 cloak 6 dress2 1 carnival, biggest 2 music, colorful 3 day 4 winter 5 colder6 long, cold

Page 5 1 1 lamps, look 2 world 3 candles 2 1 For many festivals, people decorate their homes. 2 Diwali is usually in October or November. 3 Diwali is a big festival for Hindu people. 4 Hanukkah is usually in December. 5 At Hanukkah, many families eat pancakes.

Page 6 1 1 Arabic 2 presents 3 wash 4 pray 5 hug 6 grandparents 2 1 Eid is a big Muslim festival. true 2 At Eid, people give presents to children. true 3 People wear old clothes at Eid. false 4 At Eid, Muslims give food to hungry people. true 5 At Eid, people eat pancakes for breakfast. false

Page 7 11 baby 2 shoe 3 tree 4 candy 5 present 6 king 21 Four Three good people visited Jesus when he was a baby. 2 They gave him food presents. 3 Later, people called them the Three Brothers Kings. 4 Twelfth Night is 10 12 nights after Christmas. 5 In some countries, people eat a big sandwich cake. 6 Spanish children put their socks shoes under the Christmas tree.

Page 8 1 1 sunny 2 pink, April 3 good 4 Ghana 5 Portugal
2 1 Spring is a very pretty season. 2 There are lots of flowers in spring.
3 In Japan, people love cherry blossom. 4 The pink flowers open in spring. 5 People have picnics under the cherry trees. 6 In Ghana, the rainy season starts in May.

Page 9 1 1 wreath 2 harvest 3 turkey 4 wheat 5 pumpkin pie 6 crown
2 1 Fall, world 2 harvest 3 Farmers, fruit 4 festival, traditional
5 Thanksgiving, turkey 6 flowers

Page 10 1 1 Christmas is the birthday of Jesus Christ. **2** Christmas is a big festival for Christians. **3** Many people have a Christmas tree in their homes. **4** There are pretty decorations in the streets.

2 Example answers 1 Guru Nanak's birthday is in November.
2 The Golden Temple is in India. 3 Gotama Buddha was a great teacher in India. 4 Vesak Day is usually in May. 5 They decorate statues of Gotama Buddha.

Page 11 1 1 pole 2 river 3 leaves 4 lake 5 flowers 6 bonfire
2 1 In June, it's summer in Europe. 2 The longest day is June 21st.
3 People make big bonfires at Midsummer. 4 In Finland, there's no night at Midsummer. 5 In Russia, girls make pretty crowns.
6 In Sweden, people dance around a pole.

Page 121 1 costumes 2 knock 3 candy 4 pumpkin 5 holes6 candle2 1 after 2 festival 3 cemetery 4 sad 5 candy 6 kites

Page 13 1 1 Thailand 2 Spain 3 Japan 4 Australia 5 Portugal 2 Example answers 1 When – Many people watch fireworks at New Year. 2 Where – People eat grapes at midnight on December 31st in Spain and Portugal. 3 How many – They eat twelve grapes. 4 What – People in Japan like laughing at midnight. 5 What – People throw water in the streets in Thailand. 6 Where – There are more than 80,000 fireworks at New Year in Sydney in Australia.

Page 14–15 1 Answers provided 21 street 2 turkey 3 statue 4 hole 5 money 6 wheat 7 harvest 8 picnic 9 crops 10 pie 11 skeleton 12 cut 13 knock 31 birthday, page 16 2 Hindus, page 6 3 Night, page 11 4 Fall, page 14 5 cemetery, page 21 6 spring, page 12
7 June, page 18 4 Carnival, Venice, February–March; Homowo, Ghana, May; Chuseok, South Korea, September–October; Thanksgiving, USA, November

Free Time Around the World

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 1 1 important 2 soccer 3 Swimming 4 make music 5 Skiing 6 go surfing 2 free answers

Page 4 1 1 boots **2** pitch **3** player **4** team **5** ball **2 1** Soccer is the most popular sport in the world. True **2** Soccer isn't a big part of life in Brazil. False **3** In Brazil, people play soccer in the street. True **4** Children often play with no boots. True **5** There are six players in Brazilian *futsal* teams. False

Page 5 1 1 cold 2 sunny 3 warm 4 windy 5 hot 6 cloudy **2** 1 ln Nunavut, winter is from September to June. 2 Dog sledding is an exciting snow sport. 3 ln Dubai, the summer is very hot. 4 There's a lot of time for snow sports in Nunavut. 5 Dubai has the biggest snow dome in the world.

Page 611</th

Page 7 1 1 back kick **2** jumping back kick **3** flying side kick **4** side kick **2 1 3 2 6 3 1 4 5 5 2 6 4 3 1** The most popular martial art in the world is tae kwon do. **2** Tae kwon do means 'the way of hands and feet'. **3** Children learn tae kwon do and English in *Taeglish* lessons.

Page 81 1 science fiction 2 book 3 cartoon 4 adventure 5 comedy6 magazine2 1 Manga 2 words, pictures 3 mystery 4 Internet5 television 6 reading groups

Page 9 1 1 court 2 cheerleaders 3 gymnastics 4 team **2** 1 Basketball is the most popular team sport in the USA. True **2** Lots of people play basketball in their free time. True **3** People don't play basketball in their gardens. False **4** About four million people in the USA are in cheerleading groups. False

Page 1011pipe 2trumpet 3bell 4drum 5rattle21Music 2sing3percussion 4instruments 5plants 6jazz

Page 1111snorkeling2swimming3volleyball4kayaking5surfing6cricket21InAustralia there are about 11,000 beaches.

2 Many Australians spend a lot of their free time at the beach.3 Many beaches in Australia are great for surfing. 4 Australia has thousands of surf lifeguards.

Page 12 1 1 scouting 2 camping 3 climbing 4 kayaking 5 walking 6 sailing 7 skateboarding 8 snorkeling 2 1 United Kingdom 2 Scouts 3 maps, fires 4 boys 5 fun, work 6 million

Page 13 1 1 Cycling, flat, paths, safe 2 BMX, racing, track, jumps
2 1 In the Netherlands about 75% of people go cycling. False
2 Most of the land is flat. True 3 It isn't very safe. False
4 There are 70,000 kilometers of cycle paths. False

Pages 14–15 1 1 important 2 soccer 3 Swimming 4 make music 5 Skiing 6 go surfing 2 1 countryside 2 newspaper 3 tobogganing 4 comedy 5 rattle 6 drum 7 kayaking 8 snorkeling 9 team 10 jewel 11 pipe 12 court 3 1 skatepark, page 23 2 cheerleaders, page 15 3 *futsal*, page 5 4 cricket, page 19 5 manga, page 12 6 bindi, page 9 4 Sports: 1 soccer 2 skiing 3 snowboarding 4 tae kwon do 5 basketball 6 volleyball; Other Activities: 7 dance 8 reading 9 internet 10 camping 11 music 12 scouting



How We Make Products

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 11 products 2 make 3 in factories 4 eat 5 books 6 machines 2 Free answers

Page 411neck 2 side 3 back 4 strings 5 front21hand 2 tools3 instruments 4 wood 5 thin 6 glue

Page 511fabric 2clothes 3pocket 4buttons 5zipper 6jeans21cotton, shapes, machine, front 2wool, needles, factories

Page 6 1 1 toys 2 mold 3 blow 4 model 5 recycle 6 waste
2 1 We make a lot of products from plastic. 2 Machines put hot plastic in a mold. 3 Machines also blow air into the molds.
4 It's good to recycle plastic. 5 We can make new things from plastic waste.

Page 7 11 People use steel to make a strong chassis. **2** Robots fix the outside to the chassis. **3** A conveyor moves the chassis around the factory. **4** People fix many parts on the chassis. **5** Other machines paint the car. **21** steel **2** shapes **3** parts **4** million **5** uses **6** recycle

Page 8 1 1 People make noodles from grains like rice. 2 They mix flour with water to make dough. 3 Machines push dough through holes to make noodles. 4 Some people make noodles by hand.
2 1 pods, sun 2 seeds 3 grind 4 liquid 5 sugar 6 bars

Page 9 1 1 apartment, floors, steel 2 wood, liquid, concrete
2 1 People build roofs walls to make the rooms. 2 They put wires in the walls to carry water electricity. 3 They put pipes in the floors to carry electricity water. 4 They put plaster on the floors walls.

Page 10 1 1 An author writes the words. true 2 An editor draws pictures for the book. false 3 A designer checks the words. false 4 Printing machines print two pages on one piece of paper. false 5 Pictures in a book are made of very small dots. true 2 1 machines 2 fix 3 glue 4 dots

Page 11 11 cell phone 2 digital camera 3 electricity 4 microchip
5 computer program 6 circuit board 21 Circuits carry electricity around a product. 2 People put computer programs on a microchip.
3 They fix the microchip on a circuit board. 4 They make the phone case from plastic. 5 They fix the screen and camera inside the case.
6 They put the case together.

Page 12 1 1 digital skeleton 2 drawing 3 digital character 4 sensors 2 1 lines 2 games 3 Sensors 4 moving 5 play 6 sell

Page 131 1 cans 2 electricity 3 river 4 landfill 5 sort 6 recyclingcenter2 1 waste 2 millions 3 landfills 4 throw, bad 5 recycle 6 metal

Page 14–15 1 Answers provided 2 1 grains 2 pull 3 chocolate
4 recycle 5 heat 6 metal 7 cans 8 wool 9 river 10 million 11 pocket
12 electricity 13 strings 3 1 landfills, page 22. 2 dots, page 17.
3 digital, page 20. 4 wood, page 5. 5 waste, page 22. 6 editor, page 16.
4 1 books 2 clothes 3 jewelry 4 toys 5 computers 6 guitars 7 steel
8 plastic 9 wood 10 concrete 11 cotton 12 paper

Life in Rainforests

Activity Book Answers

Page 31 1 tall 2 warm 3 day 4 are 5 animals 6 small2 1 free answersPage 41 1 equator 2 Amazon 3 islands 4 butterfly 5 Jaguars

2 1 Most tropical rainforests are in the Tropics. True **2** The biggest tropical rainforest is in Africa. False **3** South Asia has lots of tropical rainforests. True **4** Tropical rainforests cover about **5**0% of Earth. False

Page 51 1 emergent layer 2 canopy 3 understory 4 forest floor2 1 emergent layer 2 canopy 3 forest floor 4 understory 5 canopy6 forest floor 7 understory 8 emergent layer

Page 6 11 leaves 2 nest 3 plant 4 tree hole 5 branches 21 Bananas and pineapples grow in the rainforest. 2 People make bags from pineapple leaves. 3 We use the balsa tree for wood. 4 We use the rubber tree for latex. 5 Orang-utans use big leaves as umbrellas.

Page 7 11 river 2 smaller 3 types 4 fish, water 5 travel, roads
21 The Amazon is about 640 6,400 kilometers long. 2 The Mekong river is in Africa Asia. 3 The piranha is a fish with big eyes teeth.
4 The anaconda is one of the biggest birds snakes in the world.
5 In rainforests, many people travel by car boat.

Page 8 11 butterfly 2 tiger 3 fish 4 platypus 5 chimpanzee 6 sloth 21 c 2 e 3 d 4 a 5 b

Page 9 1 1 a insects 2 b butterfly 3 b Mantises 4 a strong
5 c American 6 c eight 2 1 camouflage, hide 2 beetles, horn
3 biggest, legs

Page 10 1 1 head 2 eye 3 wing 4 tail 5 foot/feet 2 1 c, g 2 a, h 3 d, f 4 b, e

Page 1111blowpipe 2deer 3birds 4flour 5palm tree 6hut21travel, families 2hut, smaller 3mammals, hunt 4cut, food

Page 12 11 sugar 2 cow 3 floor 4 furniture 5 wood 6 door
21 Tropical rainforests are getting smaller. 2 People cut down the trees to get wood. 3 Some farmers cut down rainforest trees.
4 Trees are good for the soil. 5 When there are no trees, the soil is not very good.

Page 131 1 island 2 wood 3 amazing 4 mammals 5 important2 1 buy, cut 2 can, made 3 recycled 4 are 5 save 6 teach

Pages 14–15 1 1 tall 2 warm 3 day 4 are 5 animals 6 small 2 1 bat 2 food 3 female 4 fruit 5 recycle 6 deer 7 chimpanzee 8 plants 9 clothes 10 soil 11 insects 12 hole 3 1 canopy, page 7 2 mammal, page 12 3 spiders, page 15 4 equator, page 4 5 flour, page 19 6 Jaguars, page 5 4 Minibeasts: spider, beetle, mantis, butterfly; Mammals: sloth, tiger, platypus, deer; Birds: eagle, parrot, cassowary, toucan



Activity Book Answers

Page 3 11 hear 2 sounds 3 voices 4 sound 5 a concert 6 music
2 Free answers

Page 4 1 1 sound waves 2 push 3 voice 4 waves 5 shout 6 molecule
2 1 The air is made of thousands billions of molecules. 2 The sound of a bus is slower faster than the bus. 3 Sound moves at about 350 meters per hour second. 4 Molecules are very big small, so you can't see them. 5 The sound waves from quiet loud sounds go far.

Page 5 11 low 2 high 3 thin 4 thick 5 vibrate, see 6 slowly
21 Different types of vibration are called frequency. 2 The sound of the thick strings has a low frequency. 3 A baby's cry has a high sound.
4 A truck makes a low sound. 5 The sound waves from a truck are thicker.

Page 61 1 air 2 mouth 3 throat 4 chest 5 lungs2 1 different 2 lower3 vocal 4 lungs, cords 5 sing 6 help

Page 7 11 cymbals 2 drum 3 violin 4 guitar 5 cello 6 clarinet
7 trumpet 8 flute 21 wind 2 blow 3 vibrates 4 percussion 5 stringed
Page 8 11 percussion 2 Argentina 3 squeeze, sound 4 pluck, thumb
5 India 2 Example answers 1 A gamelan is an orchestra. 2 You can see a gamelan in Bali in Indonesia. 3 They usually sit on the floor.
4 It has 13 strings.

Page 9 1 1 Musicians never practice before a concert. false
2 Conductors move their hands to help the orchestra. true
3 All rooms are good for concerts. false 4 In a concert hall, the walls are flat. false 5 Mozart played in concerts when he was six. true
2 1 instruments, conductor 2 practice 3 bounce, echo 4 musicians

Page 10 11 listen, tap 2 rhythm, dance 3 marching, sound
2 1 The rhythm of a rock band is strong. 2 All music has rhythm.
3 There are different types of rhythm. 4 Flamenco dancing is sometimes slow, and sometimes fast.

Page 1111musicians 2sound engineer 3MP3 player 4digitalsignals 5microphone 6recording studio21everywhere 2favorite3equipment 4sound 5trumpets

Page 12113253144522Example answers1Where can peoplebuy music today?People can buy music on the Internet.2When did people start to buy records?People started to buyrecords about 100 years ago.3How many records were there ina jukebox?There were about 50 records in a jukebox.4Why were cassettes good?Because people played them in their cars.

Page 13 11 earphones 2 car 3 wind 4 jackhammer 5 cat 6 street
2 1 We measure sound in decibels. 2 A bad sound is called a noise.
3 Loud sounds can hurt your ears. 4 Cats can hear better than people. 5 Listen before you cross the street.

Page 14–15 1 Answers provided 21 musicians 2 measure 3 quiet 4 earphones 5 coins 6 flat 7 march 8 lips 9 radio 10 waves 11 touch 12 squeeze 13 sound 31 second, page 4 2 decibels, page 22 3 vocal, page 8 4 molecules, page 5.5 records, page 21 6 high, page 6 4 Percussion: cymbals, xylophone, drum. Wind: clarinet, flute, bandoneon. Stringed: sitar, cello, violin.

Super Structures

Activity Book Answers

Page 311112111</th

Page 51 1 beam 2 deck 3 pillar 4 suspension 5 cable 6 tower7 anchorage 8 deck2 1 On a beam bridge, cables carry the deck.False 2 On a suspension bridge, the cables and towers carry thedeck. True 3 On a suspension bridge, anchorages hold the cables.True 4 Bridges go under water. False

Page 61Petronas Twin Towers2Sears Tower3Shanghai WorldFinancial Center 4Burj Dubai5Taipei10121skyscrapers2Chicago3InsuranceBuilding4skybridge5kilometer6shops, hotels, library

Page 7 1 1 Arch 2 reservoir 3 curve 4 Gravity 5 reservoir 6 concrete 2 1 South America, gravity 2 tall, long 3 concrete 4 smaller 5 curve 6 Switzerland, arch

Page 8 1 1 Airport 2 Stadium 3 Stadium 4 Airport 2 1 Red and goldare traditional colors for Chinese buildings. True 2 There aren't manysuper structures in Beijing. False 3 Terminal 3 of Beijing CapitalInternational Airport is the smallest terminal in the world. False4 Terminal 3 has two floors. False 5 The Beijing National Stadium issometimes called the Bird's Home. False 6 Beijing National Stadiumhas 80,000 seats. True

Page 9 1 1 dome 2 plastic 3 glass 4 skyscraper 5 wind 6 energy
2 1 shapes 2 dome 3 365 meters 4 support 5 rotating skyscraper
6 floor 7 energy, wind 8 different

Page 10 1 1 plastic 2 bricks 3 wood 4 mud 5 glass 6 concrete 7 metal 8 ice **2** 1 It's made of glass and metal. **2** It's nearly as big as two and a half American football fields. **3** It's made of ice. **4** It has 80 rooms.

Page 11 1 1 The Poseidon Undersea Resort is a hotel. 2 The hotel is made of metal and plastic. 3 The windows are made of clear plastic. 4 To get to the hotel, you travel by submarine. 5 From the hotel, people can see fish. 21 <u>Halley</u> 6 is a <u>research station</u> in the Antarctic. 2 It's built on <u>ice</u>. The ice moves <u>400 meters</u> every year and Halley 6 moves with it. 3 The structure is on skis so people can move it back. 4 The <u>weather</u> in the Antarctic is very cold. The <u>wind</u> speed can be 150 kilometers an <u>hour</u>.

Page 12 1 1 astronaut 2 earth 3 international space station
2 1 research station 2 350 3 metal 4 energy, sun 5 Earth, every day
6 telescope 7 astronauts 8 parts

Page 13 1 1 tower 2 termite mounds 3 burrows 4 paws 5 bears2 1 They build their homes with mud. 2 They are about 13 meters high. 3 It can dig about 2 meters per hour. 4 They build dams on the water.

Pages 14–15 1 1 house 2 tall 3 parts 4 bricks 5 long 6 metal
2 1 dam 2 bricks 3 telescope 4 temperature 5 metal 6 concrete
7 ocean 8 mud 9 lake 10 tunnel 11 mountain 12 ice 3 1 burrows, page 23 2 rotating, page 15 3 metal, page 4 4 ocean, farm, page 16 5 Suspension, page 7 6 dam, page 10 4 1 Tunnel: concrete, metal
2 Bridge: concrete, metal 3 Skyscraper: glass, concrete, bricks, plastic



Wonderful Water

Activity Book Answers

Page 3 11 liquid 2 glaciers 3 5 4 Pacific 5 important 6 blue whale 2 free answers

Pages 4 11 Atlantic Ocean 2 Pacific Ocean 3 Indian Ocean 4 Southern Ocean 5 Arctic Ocean 6 Dead Sea 7 Marmara Sea 8 South China Sea 2 1 There are five oceans on Earth. 2 The largest sea is the South China Sea. 3 One of the smallest seas is the Marmara Sea. 4 About 70% of the Earth is covered with water.

Page 51 1 cave 2 lake 3 rain 4 river 5 glacier 6 soil2 1 Some freshwater is in the sky. True 2 Most of Earth is covered with clouds. False3 lce is in glaciers and polar ice caps. True 4 One of the smallestlakes is Lake Superior. False 5 Some fresh water is in rocks and caves.True 6 Most of the fresh water on Earth is liquid. False

Page 61 1 precipitation 2 stream 3 evaporation 4 river 5 ocean 6 sun2 1 falls 2 streams 3 rivers 4 seas 5 sun 6 sky 7 clouds 8 water cycle

Page 7 1 1 We use water to: flush the toilet; take a shower; wash the dishes; brush our teeth; wash clothes. We do not use water to: read a comic book; brush our hair; watch television; get dressed; go to school. **2** free answers

Page 8 1 1 Waterskiing 2 diving 3 swimming 4 sailing 5 surfing
2 1 Surfing and sailing are sports that need water. True 2 We can make power with water. True 3 Fruit and vegetables don't need water to grow. False 4 Diving and swimming are water sports. True 5 We can travel by ship and by boat. True

Page 91 1 bones 2 kidneys 3 blood 4 brain 5 lungs2 1 332 kidneys, brain 3 blood 4 three 5 healthy 6 sports

Page 10 1 1 blue whale 2 shark 3 elephant 4 krill 5 fish 6 jellyfish
2 1 Blue whales eat a lot of krill. 2 All ocean animals need oxygen.
3 Jellyfish are invertebrates. 4 Invertebrates don't have a skeleton.
5 Water supports an invertebrate's body. 6 A blue whale can be as big as 25 elephants.

Page 11 1 1 crocodile 2 hippo 3 beaver 4 duck 5 whale 6 jellyfish
7 frog 8 shark 2 1 fish, beavers, rivers, lakes 2 crocodile, Africa 3 eats
4 savannah, zebras, waterhole

Page 12 1 1 roof 2 helicopter 3 house 4 boat 5 road 6 cars 2 1 Floods can happen when there is too much rain. True 2 Small waves in the ocean can make floods. False 3 Flood water covers roads and paths. True 4 People sometimes get on the roof in a flood. True 5 Flood water is very strong and dangerous. True

Page 1311Turn off 2 rainwater 3 shower 4 Don't throw21can't2 shower, bath 3 dry 4 die 5 outside 6 dirty

Pages 14–15 1 1 liquid 2 glaciers 3 5 4 Pacific 5 important 6 blue whale 2 Across: 2 beaver 5 ice 6 rocks 8 glacier 11 vegetables; Down: 1 waves 3 river 4 shower 7 flush 9 cave 10 salt 12 soil 3 1 oceans, page 4 2 water, page 16 3 caves, page 7 4 rivers, reservoirs, page 9 5 ship, page 12 6 waterholes, page 19 7 eight, page 15 41 glaciers 2 lakes 3 ice caps 4 clouds 5 soil 6 rivers 7 oceans 8 seas

Your Five Senses

Activity Book Answers

Page 311five 2eyes 3taste 4nose 5touch 6hearing21taste2sight 3hearing 4touch 5smell

Page 411photo 2lamp 3rainbow 4eye 5traffic lights 6sun21true 2false 3true 4true 5false 6false 7true 8true

Page 5 1 free answers (see photo on p.6 of Reader) 2 1 Light reflects off an object. 2 Light enters the eye and goes through a lens.
3 The lens focuses the light on the retina. 4 The retina has millions of optic cells. 5 The optic nerve collects the information. 6 Then the optic nerve takes the information to the brain.

Page 6 1 1 Loud sounds: jet plane, motorcycle. Soft sounds: wind chimes, clock. High sounds: whistle, flute. Low sounds: tuba, bass drum 2 1 hearing 2 hear 3 listen 4 soft 5 low

Page 711vibrations2ear canal3eardrum4ossicles5cochlea6auditory21Some people don't hear well.2Ahearing aidmakes sounds louder.3Acochlear implant detects sounds with amicrophone.4The microphone sends electrical signals.

Page 8 1 1 pizza 2 perfume 3 flowers 4 cookies 5 food waste 6 bad eggs 2 1 Yes, it does. 2 Yes, it does. 3 No, they don't. 4-6 free answers (Yes, I do. / No, I don't.)

Page 911particles2nostrils3nasal passages4cells5nerve21true2true3true4false5true6false

Page 10 1 Sweet: sugar, honey. Sour: lemon juice. Savory: French fries. Salty: salt. Bitter: orange peel 2 1 tongue 2 sugar 3 natural yogurt 4 salt 5 savory 6 marmalade

Page 11 1 1 bumps 2 taste buds 3 tongue 4 tastes 5 quickly
2 1 You touch food with your tongue. 2 Your tongue has about
10,000 taste buds. 3 Your taste buds detect tastes. 4 Your taste buds
get old quickly. 5 Your tongue grows new taste buds.
6 Your senses of taste and smell work together.

Page 12 1 1 Sandpaper feels rough. 2 A feather feels soft. 3 Ice cream feels cold. 4 A rock feels hard. 5 Fire feels hot. 6 Glass feels smooth.2 1 skin 2 textures 3 safe 4 fingers

Page 13 1 1 hands 2 face 3 feet 4 neck 5 brain 2 Suggested answers: 1 There are millions of nerve endings under my skin. 2 They send information to my brain. 3 My face, neck, hands, and feet are very sensitive. 4 Because my nerve endings don't work very well when it's cold. 5 They tell my brain that I am in danger. 6 My senses give me information about the world around me.

Pages 14–15 1 1 five 2 eyes 3 taste 4 nose 5 touch 6 hearing 2 1 eye 2 salt 3 skin 4 whistle 5 flowers 6 tongue 7 hearing aid 8 meat 9 fire 10 sugar 11 brain 12 pizza 13 perfume 14 traffic lights 3 1 ossicles, page 10 2 nerve endings, page 22 3 coffee, page 17 4 skunk, page 13 5 prism, page 5 6 sandpaper, page 21 7 taste buds, page 18 8 pupil, page 6 4 **Example answers** sight: I watch television. hearing: I listen to music. touch: My sweater feels soft. smell: I like the smell of cookies. taste: I like eating French fries.